

Supplemental Material

Supplementary Table 1 - PCR primers used in this study

Supplementary Table 2 – Quantification of eIF2 α phosphorylation upon sorafenib treatment. X-ray film were quantified using scanning densitometry and data are represented as arbitrary units \pm SD.

Figure S1. (A) Quantification of Xbp1 mRNA splicing shown in Figure 2A. (B) Wild-type HepG2 cells were either not treated or treated with 10 μ M Sorafenib for 2 h followed by staining for giantin, a Golgi complex marker, α -tubulin, as a marker for the microtubules and Hoechst 33342 as a nuclear marker. (C) Cells treated as above were immunostained against giantin and phalloidin was used to stain the actin cytoskeleton. Images were acquired by wide-field fluorescence microscopy. Scale bars correspond to 25 μ m.

Figure S2. (A) HepG2 cells were either not treated or treated with 10 μ M Sorafenib for 4 h, after which they were either fixed or Sorafenib removed from cells and fresh medium added for a further 2 h. Cells were then stained with anti Giantin (green). Scale bars correspond to 25 μ m. (B) The number of cells containing fragmented Golgi complex was quantified. Between 200 and 400 cells were analyzed for each condition and results are represented as the means \pm SD. Student's t-test *: $p < 0.03$, compared to control, #: $p < 0.03$ HepG2 mock transfected compared to IRE1-DN transfected cells.