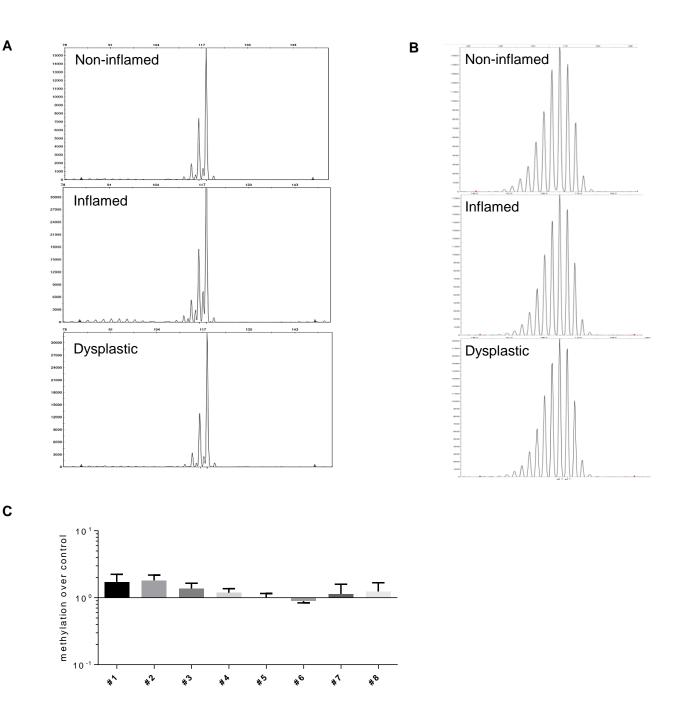
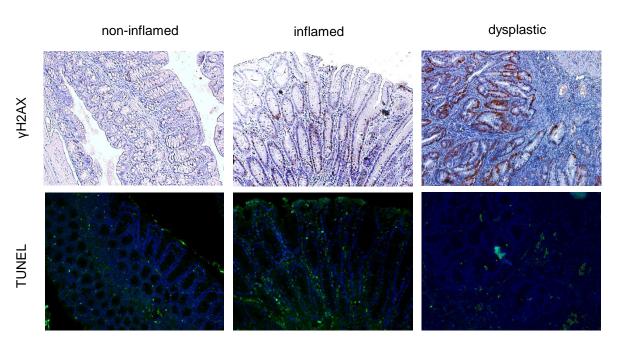


## Supplementary Figure 1: Tumor burden and inflammation in IL-10 KO mice.

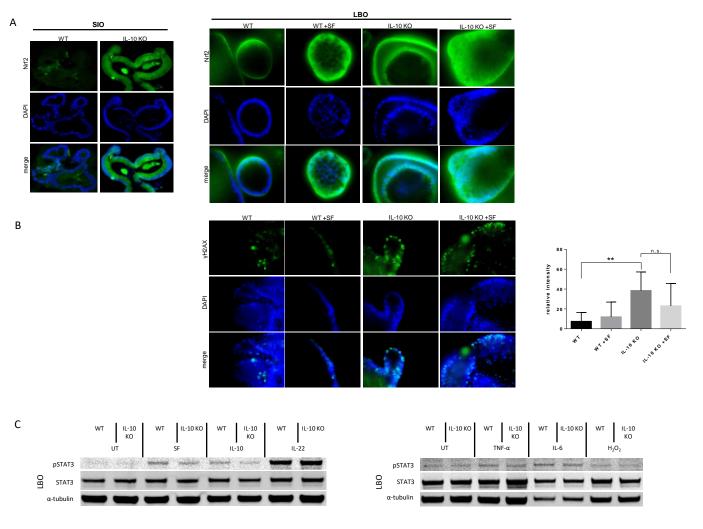
A: Piroxicam fed mice with and without dysplastic lesions are shown with their respective grade of inflammation. The number of dysplastic lesions was positively correlated to the grade of inflammation (R=0.728, p<0.01)



**Supplementary Figure 2**: LOH, MSI and CIMP in IL-10 KO mice: A. Fragment analysis of p53 aligning marker (D11mit86), showing exemplary result in non-inflamed, inflamed, and dysplastic tissue samples of the same mouse; no change in peak height or fragment length in neither of the samples was detected. B. MSI analysis showing an exemplary samples of the polyA marker A27. No change in fragment length was detected between any of the samples. C. CIMP analysis revealed no significant change in the methylation levels of dysplastic samples compared to non-inflamed samples. CIMP: CpG island methylator phenotype, LOH: Loss of heterozygosity, MSI: Microsatellite instability



Supplementary Figure 3: DNA damage and apoptosis in IL-10KO mice. Comparison of  $\gamma$ H2AX stained slides (upper panel) with TUNEL staining (lower panel).



## Supplementary Figure: Nrf2 is increased in IL-10 KO small and large intestinal organoids.

**A:** IF of Nrf2 in WT- and IL-10 KO small and large bowel organoids indicates an overall increased and aberrant localization in IL-10 KO compared to WT. Treatment with Nrf2 activator indicates increase and translocation of Nrf2 into the nucleus in both WT and IL-10 KO LBOs. **B:** IF of γH2AX in WT- and IL-10 KO LBOs, with- and without sulforaphane treatment (10µM). Nrf2 activation using SF did not result in reduced γH2AX as indicated by IF and imageJ-analysis. Statistical analysis was done with ANOVA using Dunnet post hoc analysis. **C:** WB analysis of WT- and IL-10 KO LBOs, showing STAT3 phosphorylation after cytokine treatment. SF showed no change in STAT3 phosphorylation in IL-10 KO compared to WT. IF: immunofluorescence, LBO: large bowel organoids, SF: sulforaphane, SIO: small intestinal organoids