Supplementary Table S1: Country of birth and birth region of women living with or without HIV, diagnosed with CIN2+.

Country of birth	Region of birth	Frequency	Percent
Angola	Sub-Saharan Africa	3	060
Botswana	Sub-Saharan Africa	1	0.20
			0.60
Brazil	Latin America and the Caribbean	3	1.80
Burundi	Sub-Saharan Africa	9	
Cameroon	Sub-Saharan Africa	5	1.00
Cuba	Latin America and the Caribbean	3	0.60
D.P.R.Korea	Asia and Pacific	1	0.20
D.R.Congo	Sub-Saharan Africa	6	1.20
Eritrea	Sub-Saharan Africa	15	3.00
Estonia	Eastern Europe and Central Asia	3	0.60
Ethiopia	Sub-Saharan Africa	33	6.60
Finland	Western Europe except Sweden	6	1.20
Gambia	Sub-Saharan Africa	3	0.60
Germany	Western Europe except Sweden	3	0.60
Ghana	Sub-Saharan Africa	3	0.60
Guinea-Bissau	Sub-Saharan Africa	3	0.60
India	Asia and Pacific	6	1.20
Kenya	Sub-Saharan Africa	24	4.80
Lithuania	Eastern Europe and Central Asia	3	0.60
Malawi	Sub-Saharan Africa	2	0.40
Mali	Sub-Saharan Africa	1	0.20
Mocambique	Sub-Saharan Africa	2	0.40
Namibia	Sub-Saharan Africa	2	0.40
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	7	1.40
Philippines	Asia and Pacific	6	1.20
Poland	Eastern Europe and Central Asia	3	0.60
R.Congo	Sub-Saharan Africa	4	0.80
R.Korea	Asia and Pacific	2	0.40
Russian F.	Eastern Europe and Central Asia	6	1.20
Rwanda	Sub-Saharan Africa	4	0.80
Senegal	Sub-Saharan Africa	8	1.60
Slovenia	Eastern Europe and Central Asia	3	0.60
Somalia	Sub-Saharan Africa	15	3.00

stern Europe except Sweden 3	0.60
-Saharan Africa 3	0.60
den 162	32.40
a and Pacific 78	15.60
-Saharan Africa 6	1.20
-Saharan Africa 30	6.00
n America and the Caribbean 3	0.60
a and Pacific 3	0.60
-Saharan Africa 6	1.20
-Saharan Africa 5	1.00
500	100.00
	den 162 and Pacific 78 -Saharan Africa 6 -Saharan Africa 30 n America and the Caribbean 3 and Pacific 3 -Saharan Africa 6 -Saharan Africa 5

For each woman living with HIV two HIV-negative women, living in the same counties (Stockholm or Gothenburg) sometime between 1983 and 2014, diagnosed with CIN2+, were randomly selected, matched for country of birth. For some women living with HIV only one or no HIV-negative women from the same country of birth could be identified. These women were then matched to HIV-negative women from a neighboring country.