

**Web Table 3 Logistic regression models of the effect of folate intake from dietary sources and of total folate intake (diet and supplement intake) on colorectal cancer in the whole sample.**

Folate intake $\mu\text{g/d}$	<i>Cases</i>	<i>Controls</i>	Model I <sup>†</sup>		Model II <sup>†</sup>	
			<i>OR</i>	<i>95% CI</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>95% CI</i>
<i>WHOLE SAMPLE</i>						
Dietary intake						
$\leq 289.7$	534	654	1.00		1.00	
289.8-331.0	533	655	1.00	0.85, 1.18	1.11	0.94, 1.32
331.1-375.9	501	687	0.90	0.76, 1.05	1.04	0.86, 1.25
$\geq 376.0$	461	726	0.78	0.67, 0.92	0.95	0.77, 1.17
				p for trend 0.002		p for trend 0.52
Total intake						
$\leq 293.9$	537	651	1.00		1.00	
294.0-337.6	543	645	1.02	0.87, 1.21	1.15	0.96, 1.36
337.7-391.8	484	703	0.84	0.71, 0.99	0.98	0.52, 1.18
$\geq 391.9$	464	723	0.78	0.66, 0.92	0.93	0.76, 1.13
				p for trend <0.0005		p for trend 0.21

\*Adjusted for energy (residual method), age, sex and Deprivation score

† Adjusted for energy (residual method), energy (included as a covariate) age, sex, Deprivation score, fibre intake (energy adjusted, quartiles), alcohol intake (energy adjusted), smoking (non-smoker, current smoker, former smoker), BMI, NSAIDs intake, family history of cancer (low, medium/ high risk)