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CANCER RESEARCH

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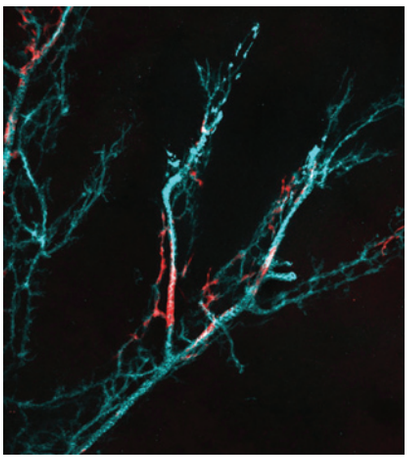
ABOUT THE COVER



Intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma (ICC) arises from the bile ducts within the liver and is characterized by high levels of genetic heterogeneity. Younger and colleagues performed a functional *in vivo* study into the role genetic heterogeneity plays in driving ICC. The cover image depicts lineage traced cells (red) with *Trp53* and *Pten* deletion in the liver bile duct stained for Keratin-19 (cyan), which generate ICC when exposed to inflammation. For details, see the article by Younger and colleagues on page 1548.

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