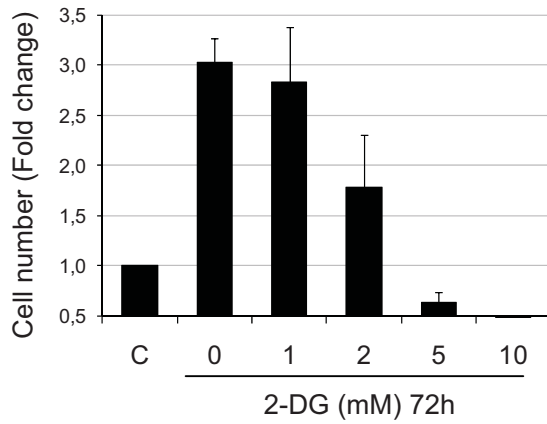
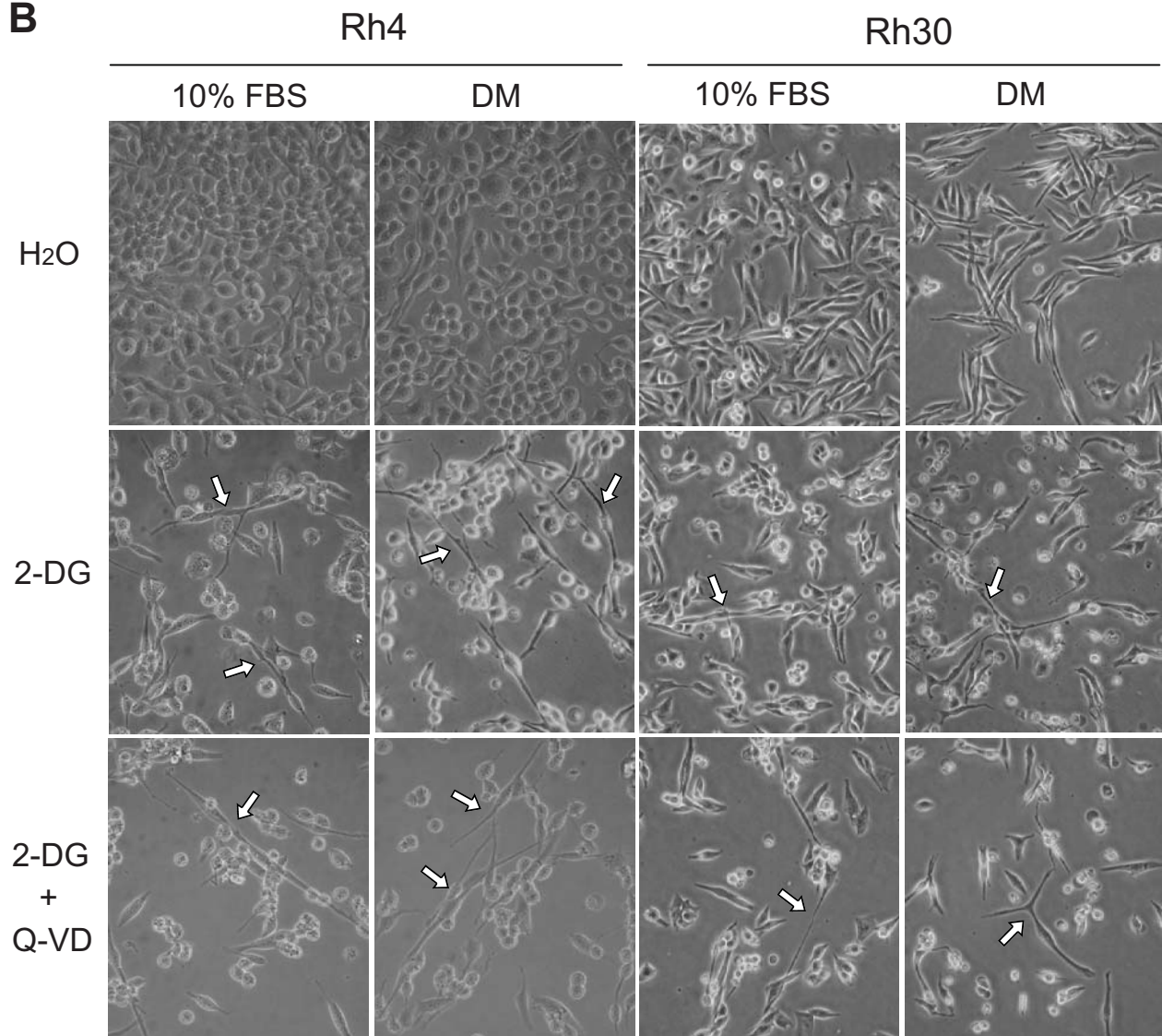


**A****Supplementary Figure S1**

2-deoxyglucose promotes growth arrest, cell death and differentiation of alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma.

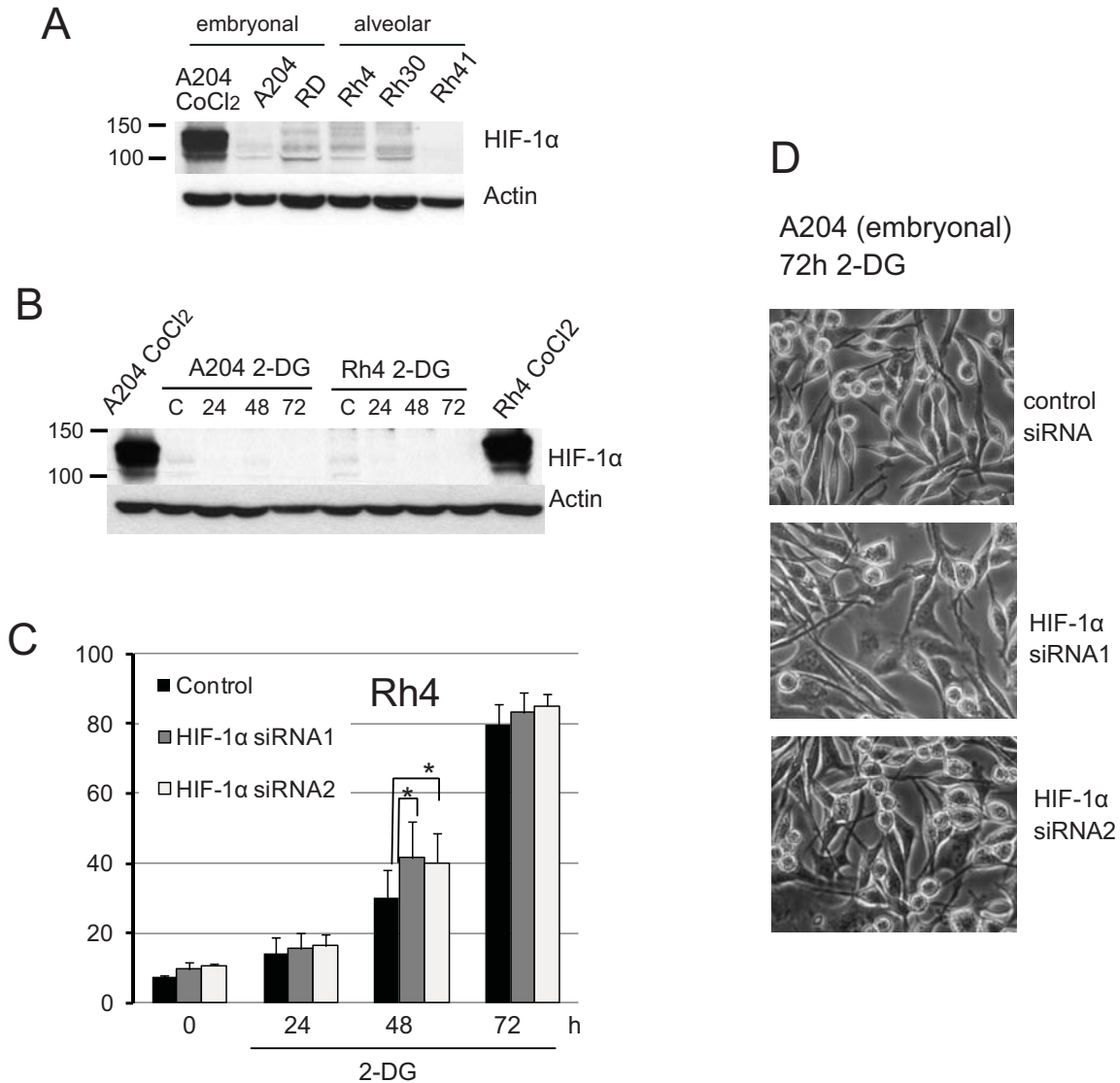
**A.** Rh4 cells were plated at 20% confluence. 24h after plating, one well was stained with crystal violet (c, untreated control). The rest were stained after incubation for 72h in the absence or presence of 2-DG at indicated doses. Values are normalized to the value of the untreated control.

**B**

**B.** RH4 or RH30 cells were treated with 10mM 2-DG in the presence of 20 $\mu$ M Q-VD in complete media (RPMI + 10%FBS) or differentiation media (DM, serum-free RPMI) for 48h. Phase-contrast microscope pictures are shown. Arrows indicate fused cells with myotube morphology.

## Supplementary Figure S2

HIF-1 $\alpha$  expression does not explain differential sensitivity of alveolar and embryonal rhabdomyosarcoma cells to 2-deoxyglucose.



A. Indicated cell lines were analyzed for expression of HIF-1 $\alpha$ . Positive control were A204 cells treated with CoCl<sub>2</sub> 200 $\mu$ M for 4hours

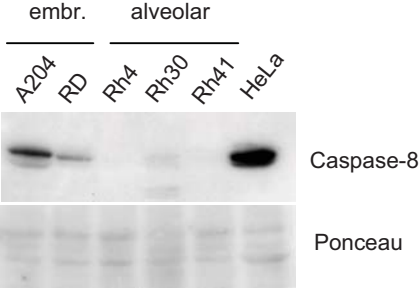
B. A204 and Rh4 were treated with CoCl<sub>2</sub> 200 $\mu$ M for 4hours or with 2-DG 10mM for indicated times and collected for analysis of HIF-1 $\alpha$  expression by western blot.

C. Rh4 cells were transfected with control or HIF-1 $\alpha$  siRNA . After 72h they were treated with 2-DG

10mM for indicated times and collected for subG1 analysis. Paired t-student test indicates that siRNA against HIF-1 $\alpha$  produces a small although significant sensitization to 2-DG at 48h ( $p=0.049$ ,  $n=4$  experiments).

D. A204 cells are not sensitized to 2DG by pretreatment with siRNAs against HIF-1 $\alpha$ . Same results were obtained by analysis of subG1 DNA content of cells pretreated with siRNAs for 48h or 72h (not shown).

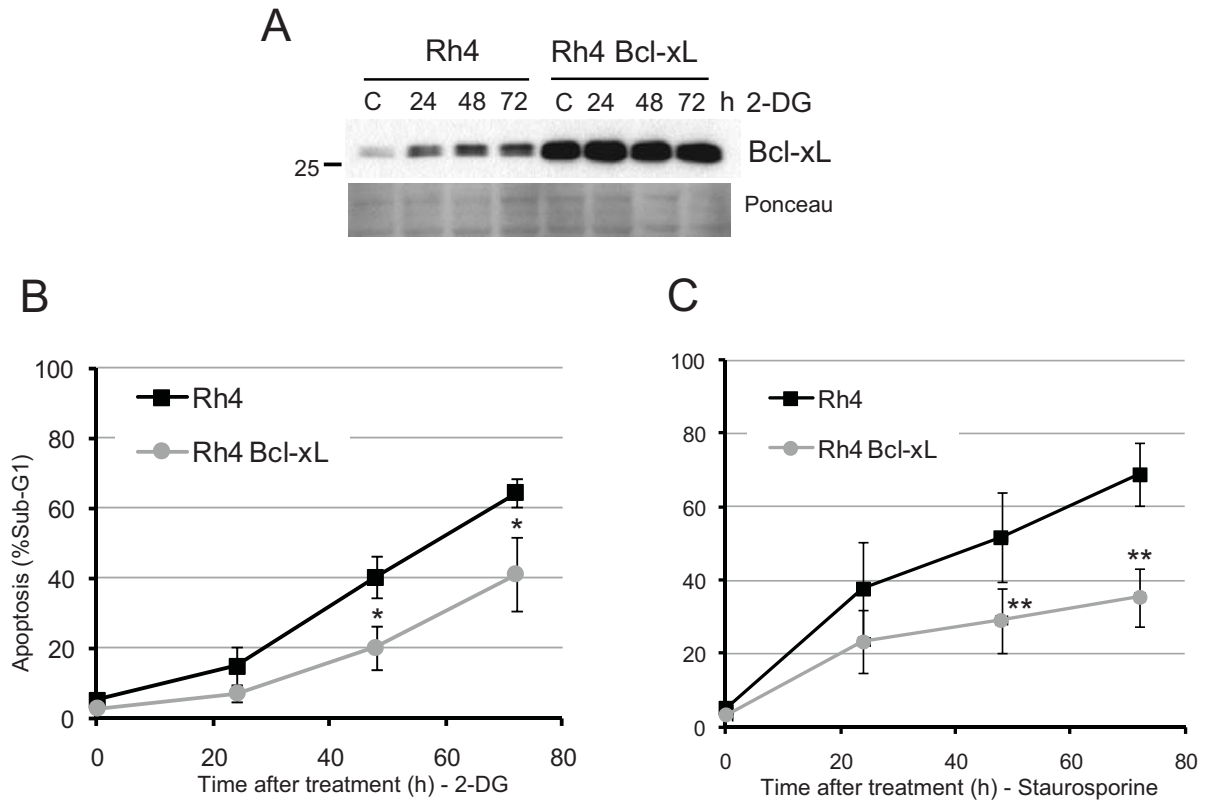
**Suppl. Fig. S3**



**Rhabdomyosarcoma cell lines express low levels of caspase-8.** Total cell extracts of embryonal (embr.) or alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma cell lines were analyzed for caspase-8 expression by western blot. HeLa cell lysate was used as a positive control for caspase-8 expression.

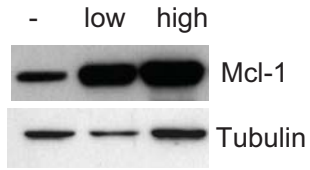
## Suppl. Figure S4

Cells overexpressing Bcl-xL are protected from 2-deoxyglucose.

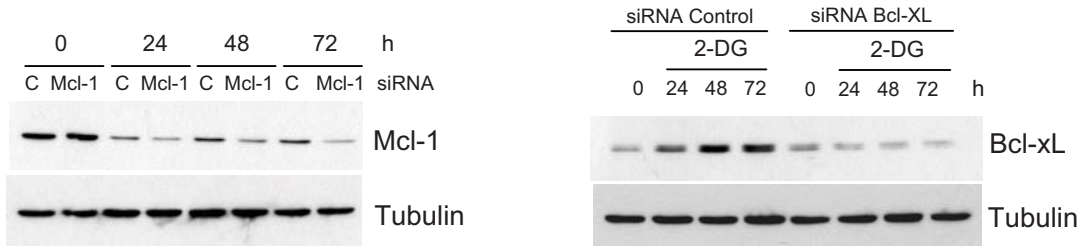


Cells from the parent cell line and Rh4 cells stably over-expressing Bcl-xL were subjected to western blot analysis (A) or cultured for the indicated times with 2-DG 10mM (B) or staurosporine 300nM (C) and collected for analysis of sub-G1 DNA content. Degree of protection from 2-DG is similar to protection from staurosporine. Results show average and SEM of 5 experiments.

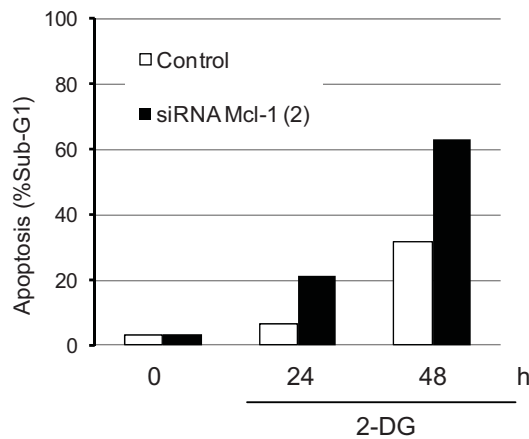
## Suppl. Figure S5



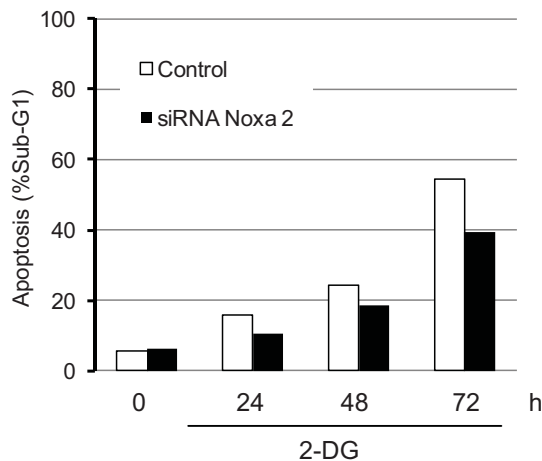
Western blot showing overexpression of Mcl-1 24h after transfection (see fig. 4A)



Western blot from samples analyzed in Figure 4C and 4D showing downregulation of Mcl-1 or Bcl-xL. "c", control siRNA.



Cells were treated like in Figure 4C but a different sequence to target Mcl-1 was used (5'-UCAAAAGAAACGCGGUAUU).



Cells were treated like in Figure 5C but a different sequence to target Noxa was used (5'-GCTACTCAACTCAGGAGATTT)

## Suppl. Figure S6

Interactions between Bcl-2 family members.

